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1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier Product Identity Alternate Names

PLUMBER'S PLUNGER

30-700, 30-710, Blended Formula, PLUMBER'S PLUNGER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstIntended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company Name

ComStar International Inc. 20-45 128th Street,

College Point, NY 11356

718-445-7900 800-328-0142 Fax: 718-353-5998

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corr 1A; H314Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.Eye Dam. 1; H318Causes serious eye damage.

2.2. Label elements

Telephone No.

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Warning

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

[Prevention]:

P260 Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+330+331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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P303+361 +353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove I Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+351 +338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

[Storage]:

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
SODIUM HYDROXIDE CAS #: 1310-73-2	>40	Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Aquatic Acute 3 H402	[1][2]
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE CAS #: 7681-52-9	<15	Unst. Expl, H200 Ox. Sol. 2, H272 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1][2]
INERT INGREDIENTS CAS #: N/A	Balance	Not Classified	[1]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration ONLY if breathing has stopped. Give Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) if there is no breathing AND no pulse. Obtain medical attention IMMEDIATELY.
Eyes	Immediately flush eyes with running water for a minimum of 20 minutes. Hold eyelids open during flushing. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical attention IMMEDIATELY. Do not transport victim until the recommended flushing period is completed unless flushing can be continued during transport.

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Skin Flush skin with running water for a minimum of 20 minutes. Start flushing while removing contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Obtain medical attention IMMEDIATELY. Do not transport victim unless the recommended flushing period is completed or flushing can be continued during transport. While the patient is being transported to a medical facility, apply compresses of iced water. If medical treatment must be delayed, immerse the affected area in iced water. If immersion is not practical, compresses of iced water can be applied. Avoid freezing tissues. Ingestion If victim is alert and not convulsing, rinse mouth and give % to 1 glass of water to dilute material. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head down to avoid breathing in of vomitus, rinse mouth and administer more water. IMMEDIATELY contact local poison control center. Vomiting may need to be induced but should be directed by a physician or a poison control center. IMMEDIATELY transport victim to an emergency facility. 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Overview **IMMEDIATE CONCERNS:** CAUTION: May cause eye or skin burns. Avoid vapor. POTENTIAL SIDE EFFECTS EYES: Tissue destruction and permanent eye damage may occur if not treated immediately. SKIN: May be corrosive and cause severe burns. **INGESTION:** Corrosive to mucous membranes of the mouth, esophagus, stomach & throat. **INHALATION:** Avoid mist, can be a severe irritant. ACUTE TOXICITY: Eye, skin, lung burning may be caused with exposure to mist. Avoid mist. TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT: Contains material which may cause damage to gastrointestinal tract and respiratory tract. Note to Physician: All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Medical conditions that may be aggravated by exposure include asthma, bronchitis, emphysema and other lung diseases and chronic nose, sinus or throat conditions. Severity of the burn is generally determined by the concentration of the solution and the duration of exposure. In the event of skin or eye contact, immediate and thorough flushing is essential. Continued washing of the affected area with cold or iced water will be helpful in removing the last traces of sulfuric acid. Cream or ointments should not be applied before or during the washing phase of the treatment. See section 2 for further details. Eyes Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation Causes serious eye damage.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

For small fires, use dry chemical or carbon dioxide. For large fires, flood fire area with water from a distance. Expect violent reaction with water. Do not get solid stream of water on spilled material.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Hazardous decomposition: Oxides of sulfur at high temperatures. Hazardous gases may evolve on contact with chemicals such as cyanides, sulfides, and carbides.

Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste.

For Large Spills: Flush spill area with water spray. Prevent run-off from entering drains, sewers, or streams, collect run-off.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear appropriate Personal Protection Equipment. Do not breathe sprays or mists. Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Keep ignition sources away from sulfuric acid storage, handling and transportation equipment.

Handling Procedures and Equipment: Carbon steel or stainless-steel materials are suitable for use for acid concentrations equal to or greater than 93%. However, the effect of lower concentrations on the materials of construction can be very complex. Contact product supplier for specific recommendations when handling sulfuric acid at strengths less than 77%.

Sulfuric acid will attack some forms of plastics and coatings. Always add acid to water - not water to acid. If kept in upper floors of building, floors should be acid proof with drains to a recovery tank. See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Store between -5C and 40C.

Incompatible materials: Acids react with most metals to release hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures in air. Water, alkaline solutions, metals, metal powder, carbides, chlorates, fulminates, nitrates, picrates, strong oxidizers, reducers, or combustible organics.

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Hazardous gases may evolve on contact with chemicals such as cyanides, sulfides, and carbides. Storage Temperature: Store above freezing point. Elevated temperatures will increase the corrosion rate of most metals.

Storage Requirements: Store packaged acid in a dry, well, ventilated location away from combustibles, oxidizers, bases, or metallic powders. Storage tanks should be protected from water ingress, be well ventilated, and maintained structurally in a safe and reliable condition.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
1310-73-2	SODIUM HYDROXIDE	OSHA	2 mg/m ³
		ACGIH	2 mg/m ³
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
7681-52-9	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
N/A	INERT INGREDIENTS	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
1310-73-2 SODIUM	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No	
	HYDROXIDE	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
7681-52-9	7681-52-9 SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
N/A	INERT	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
	INGREDIENTS	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
			Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure controls

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Respiratory Eyes	A NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator equipped with acid gas/fume, dust, and mist cartridges for concentrations up to 10 mg 1m3. An air-supplied respirator if concentrations are higher or unknown. Tight-fitting chemical goggles and face shield.
Skin	Impervious (Le., neoprene, PVC) gloves, coveralls, boots and/or other acid resistant protective clothing.
Engineering Controls	Local exhaust ventilation required.
Other Work Practices	Where there is a danger of spilling or splashing, acid resistant aprons or suits should be worn. Trouser legs should be worn outside (not tucked in) rubber boots. Safety showers and eyewash fountains should be installed in storage and handling areas. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties				
Appearance	Clear or Colored Liquid			
Odor	Sharp			
Odor threshold	Not Measured			
рН	Not Measured			
Melting point / freezing point	77.67%: -11.2° C (+11.6° F); 93.19%: -29.5° C (-21.1° F); 98%: -1.1° C (30° F)			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	77.67%: 193° C (380° F); 93.19%: 276° C (529° F); 98%: 330° C (626° F)			
Flash Point	None			
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	Not Measured			
Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable				
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: 135C(275F): NA			
	Upper Explosive Limit: 199C(390F): NA			
Vapor pressure (Pa)	77.67%: 1.2 mmhg; 93.19%: 0.0016 mmhg; 98%: 0.002 mmhg (at 40 <i>C/10</i> 2 F)			
Vapor Density	3.4, sulfuric acid component (Air = 1)			
Specific Gravity	77.67%: 1.7059; 93.19%: 1.8354; 98%: 1.8437 (at 15 C/60 F)			
Solubility in Water	Insoluble			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not Measured			
Auto-ignition temperature	(ASTM D 2155): Not combustible			
Decomposition temperature	Not Measured			
Viscosity (cSt)	Not Measured			
Volatiles (% by weight)	NA			
Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient	NA			

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9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with some bases.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from extreme heat and extreme cold.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids react with most metals to release hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures in air. Water, alkaline solutions, metals, metal powder, carbides, chlorates, fulminates, nitrates, picrates, strong oxidizers, reducers, or combustible organics.

Hazardous gases may evolve on contact with chemicals such as cyanides, sulfides, and carbides.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of sulfur at high temperatures. Hazardous gases may evolve on contact with chemicals such as cyanides, sulfides, and carbides.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Addie toxiony					
Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)	No data available	1350 mg/kg Rabbit;	No data available	No data available	No data available
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE (7681-52-9)	8200 mg/kg	No data available	>10.5 mg/l	No data available	No data available
INERT INGREDIENTS (N/A)	4090 mg/kg	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Causes severe skin bums and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable

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Skin sensitization	 Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity	 Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity	 Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity	 Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	 Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	 Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	 Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr. LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr. EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)	45.4 mg/l	40.4 mg/l	Not Available
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE (7681-52-9)	0.026 mg/l	2.1 mg/l	Not Available
INERT INGREDIENTS (N/A)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

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14. Transport information

NOTE: Less than 1 liter is shipped as non-hazardous, ORM-d. Below information is for containers with greater than 1-liter liquid.

	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA
14.1. UN number	UN 1824	UN 1824	UN 1824
14.2. UN proper shipping name	UN 1824/ Sodium Hydroxide, Solution	UN 1824/ Sodium Hydroxide, Solution	UN 1824/ Sodium Hydroxide, Solution
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: 8	IMDG: 8 Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: 8
14.4. Packing group	II	II	11
14.5. Environmental haz	zards		
IMDG N	larine Pollutant: No		
14.6. Special precautior	ns for user		

No further information

15. Regulatory information				
Regulatory Overview	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.			
Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA nventory.			
WHMIS Classification	D2B E			
US EPA Tier II Hazards	Fire: No			
	Sudden Release of Pressure: No			
	Reactive: Yes			

Immediate (Acute): Yes

Delayed (Chronic): No

]

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs: (lbs)

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Extremely Hazardous:

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%): To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

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Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%): To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

The opinions expressed are those of qualified experts within ComStar International Inc. We believe that the information contained is current as of the date of the Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and of these opinions and the conditions of the use of the product are not within the control of ComStar International Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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