SAFETY DATA SHEET

RTA9218

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: RUST TOUGH® Rust Preventive Enamel (aerosol) Flat Black
Product code	: RTA9218
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of the	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: Krylon Products Group Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 457-9566
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 19.4%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

1/15

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	 Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	 Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do
	not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Date	of	issue/Da	te of	revision

: 11/28/2015 Date of previous issue

: 7/11/2015

2/15

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Acetone	≥25 - <50	67-64-1
Propane	≥10 - <25	74-98-6
Toluene	≥5 - <10	108-88-3
Butane	≥5 - <10	106-97-8
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	≥5 - <10	108-10-1
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≥3 - <5	64742-89-8
Carbon Black	≥0.3 - <1	1333-86-4
Ethylbenzene	≥0.1 - <0.3	100-41-4
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	≥0.1 - <0.3	96-29-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effect	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

|--|

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
dication of immediate med	<u>dica</u>	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

otection of first-aiders
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/28/2015 Date of previous issue : 7/11/2015 Version : 1.02 4/15

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible,

plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

 Protective measures Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in w this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not export temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid export obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breat gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventil inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other igniti source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue can be hazardous. 	which ose to osure - t eyes thing lation is ion
---	--

Date of issue/Date of revision: 11/28/2015Date of previous issue: 7/11/2015Version: 1.025/15

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Acetone		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
		TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
		TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Propane		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
		TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Toluene		OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		CEIL: 300 ppm
		AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Butane		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
		TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
, ,		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
		TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ate of issue/Date of revision : 1	1/28/2015 Date of previous is	sue : 7/11/2015 Version : 1.02 6/15

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

None.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm ³ 10 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
fraction
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin
sensitizer.
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.				
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measu	<u>ures</u>					
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.				
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.				
Skin protection						
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.				
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.				
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 11/28/2015 Date of previous issue : 7/11/2015 Version : 1.02 7/15				

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Not available.
Odor	1	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	1	7
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	:	5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 0.9% Upper: 12.8%
Vapor pressure	1	13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	:	1.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.77
Solubility	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	1	Not applicable.
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	1	Spray
Heat of combustion	:	27.54 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/28/2015 Date of previous issue : 7/11/2015 Version : 1.02 8/15				
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.				
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).				
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Carbon Black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
	,			per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
	,			milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	,			100	
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870	-
	,			Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
		Ū		microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				microliters	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				milligrams	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				microliters	

Sensitization

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

re : 7/11/2015

9/15

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Toluene Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Carbon Black Ethylbenzene	- - -	3 2B 2B 2B	

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Propane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Toluene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Butane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Result
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate ef	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/28/2015 Date of previous issue : 7/11/2015 Version : 1.02 11/15

Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential chronic health effects Not available. General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

<u>Acute</u>	tox	<u>icity</u>	<u>est</u>	<u>imat</u>	<u>es</u>

Route	ATE value
Oral	4471 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Vethyl Isobutyl Ketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

Section 12. Ecolog	ical information		
	10	, - ,	96 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone Toluene Methyl Isobutyl Ketone Ethylbenzene			Readily Readily Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Toluene Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	-	90 10 to 2500	low high
Solvent Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K_{oc})

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
-	-	-	-	-
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
	Classification UN1950 AEROSOLS 2.1 2.1 -	ClassificationClassificationUN1950UN1950AEROSOLSAEROSOLS2.12.1	ClassificationClassificationUN1950UN1950UN1950AEROSOLSAEROSOLSAEROSOLS2.12.1	ClassificationClassificationUN1950UN1950UN1950UN1950AEROSOLSAEROSOLSAEROSOLSAEROSOLS, flammable2.12.12.12.1

Additional	Special	Product classified	Special	Special	Emergency
information	provisions	as per the	provisions	provisions	schedules (EmS)
		following sections	(ERG#126)		
	QUANTITY	of the Transportation of		QUANTITY	QUANTITY, F-D, S-U
		Dangerous Goods	\$		0-0
		Regulations: 2.			
		13-2.17 (Class 2).			
		Special			
		provisions			
			EDO NA		
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
			1400		
Spacial procesut		126	126		
	ions for user : M c r s F r u s	Aulti-modal shipping deso onsider container sizes. node of transport (sea, a uitably for that mode of t rior to shipment, and cor esponsibility of the perso nloading dangerous goo ubstances and on all act	criptions are provid The presence of a ir, etc.), does not ransport. All pack npliance with the n offering the proo ds must be trained	a shipping description ndicate that the pro- aging must be revien applicable regulation duct for transport. P d on all of the risks	on for a particular duct is packaged wed for suitability ns is the sole eople loading and deriving from the
Transport in bul to Annex II of M	ions for user : M C r s f r u s k according : No ARPOL	fulti-modal shipping desc onsider container sizes. node of transport (sea, a uitably for that mode of t rior to shipment, and cor esponsibility of the perso nloading dangerous goo	criptions are provid The presence of a ir, etc.), does not ransport. All pack npliance with the n offering the proo ds must be trained	a shipping description ndicate that the pro- aging must be revien applicable regulation duct for transport. P d on all of the risks	on for a particular duct is packaged wed for suitability ns is the sole eople loading and deriving from the
to Annex II of M	ions for user : M c r s f r t s k according : No ARPOL C Code	Aulti-modal shipping desc onsider container sizes. node of transport (sea, a uitably for that mode of t rior to shipment, and cor esponsibility of the perso nloading dangerous goo ubstances and on all act of available.	criptions are provid The presence of a ir, etc.), does not ransport. All pack npliance with the n offering the proo ds must be trained	a shipping description indicate that the pro- aging must be revien applicable regulation duct for transport. P d on all of the risks hergency situations.	on for a particular duct is packaged wed for suitability ns is the sole eople loading and deriving from the
Special precaut Transport in bul to Annex II of M/ 73/78 and the IB	ions for user : M c r s f r t s k according : No ARPOL C Code Pr	Aulti-modal shipping deso onsider container sizes. node of transport (sea, a uitably for that mode of t rior to shipment, and cor esponsibility of the perso nloading dangerous goo ubstances and on all act	criptions are provid The presence of a ir, etc.), does not it ransport. All packa npliance with the n offering the proo ds must be trained ions in case of em	a shipping description ndicate that the pro- aging must be revien applicable regulation duct for transport. P d on all of the risks hergency situations.	on for a particular duct is packaged wed for suitability ns is the sole eople loading and deriving from the

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

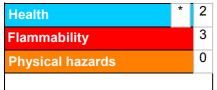
SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/28/2015	Date of previous issue	: 7/11/2015	Version : 1.02	14/15
--------------------------------	--------------	------------------------	-------------	----------------	-------

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Aerosol 1, H222 Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361 (Unborn child) STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 11/28/2015
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/28/2015
Date of previous issue	: 7/11/2015
Version	: 1.02
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

.Justification

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.