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1. Product and Company Identification

Product Code: 202098

Product Name: Tetrabase 600 Tetradyne, LLC **Company Name:**

Phone Number: PO Box 17003 (209)667-4325

Reno, NV 89511

Web site address: www.tetradyne.net

ChemTEL (800)255-3924 **Emergency Contact:** Information: (209)667-4325

2. Hazards Identification

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1A



GHS Hazard Phrases: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. **GHS Precaution Phrases:** Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. **GHS Response Phrases:**

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Specific treatment see section 4 on this label. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

GHS Storage and Disposal

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container as per local regulations. Phrases:

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic):

Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Effects may be

delayed.

Inhalation: Irritation may lead to chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. Causes severe

irritation of upper respiratory tract with coughing, burns, breathing difficulty, and possible

coma. Causes chemical burns to the respiratory tract.

Causes skin burns. May cause deep, penetrating ulcers of the skin. May cause skin rash Skin Contact:

(in milder cases), and cold and clammy skin with cyanosis or pale color.

Eye Contact: Causes eye burns. May cause chemical conjunctivitis and corneal damage.

Ingestion: May cause severe and permanent damage to the digestive tract. Causes gastrointestinal

> tract burns. May cause perforation of the digestive tract. Causes severe pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and shock. May cause corrosion and permanent tissue destruction of

the esophagus and digestive tract. May cause systemic effects.





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3. (Compos	sition	/Inf	ormati	ion on l	ngred	ients

CAS#	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration	
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	55.0 -65.0 %	
2235-43-0	Phosphonic acid, [nitrilotris(methylene)]tri-, pentasodium salt	1.0 -4.0 %	

4. First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid

Procedures:

In Case of Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.

In Case of Skin Contact: Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated

clothing and shoes. Get medical aid immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.

In Case of Eye Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for a t least 15 minutes.

Get medical aid immediately.

In Case of Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical aid immediately. If victim is fully

conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person.

Note to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Pt: NP Method Used: Estimate

Explosive Limits: LEL: N/A UEL: N/A

Autoignition Pt: NP

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Substance is noncombustible; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

Do NOT get water inside containers.

Fire Fighting Instructions: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand,

MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Use water with caution and in flooding amounts. Contact with moisture or water may generate sufficient heat to ignite nearby combustible

materials. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.

Flammable Properties and

Hazards:

Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Vacuum or sweep up material and place into a suitable disposal container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Avoid generating dusty conditions. Provide ventilation. Do not get water on spilled substances or inside containers.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not allow water to get into the container because of violent reaction. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Discard

contaminated shoes. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Precautions To Be Taken in Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from

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Storing:

incompatible substances. Keep away from metals. Corrosives area. Keep away from acids. Store protected from moisture. Containers must be tightly closed to prevent the conversion of NaOH to sodium carbonate by the CO2 in air.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

CAS#	Partial Chemical Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	PEL: 2 mg/m3	CEIL: 2 mg/m3	
2235-43-0	Phosphonic acid, [nitrilotris(methylene)]tri-, pentasodium salt			

Respiratory Equipment

(Specify Type):

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2

requirements or European Standard EN 149 must be followed whenever workplace

conditions warrant respirator use.

Eye Protection: Wear chemical splash goggles.

Protective Gloves: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure. **Other Protective Clothing:** Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Engineering Controls

(Ventilation etc.):

Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne

concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical States: [] Gas [X] Liquid [] Solid

Appearance and Odor:

Liquid.

Slightly.

Melting Point:

Boiling Point:

Decomposition Temperature: NA **Autoignition Pt:** NP

Flash Pt: NP Method Used: Estimate

Explosive Limits: LEL: N/A UEL: N/A

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 1.30 - 1.40

Density: 10.83 - 11.66 LB/GAL

Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or

mm Hg):

Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):

Evaporation Rate:

Solubility in Water: Complete pH: 13.00 - 14.00

Percent Volatile:



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Molecular Formula & Weight: NaOH 40.0

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Unstable [] Stable [X]

Moisture, contact with water. Exposure to moist air or water. **Conditions To Avoid -**

Instability:

Incompatibility - Materials To Water, Metals. acids, Aluminum, Zinc, gelatin, nitromethane, leather, flammable liquids,

organic halogens. Avoid:

Hazardous Decomposition Or Toxic fumes of sodium oxide.

Byproducts:

Possibility of Hazardous Will not occur [X] Will occur []

Reactions:

Conditions To Avoid -Hazardous Reactions:

11. Toxicological Information

Epidemiology: No information found. **Toxicological Information:**

Teratogenicity: No information available. Reproductive Effects: Mutagenicity: See actual

entry in RTECS for complete information.

Neurotoxicity:

Carcinogenicity/Other

Information:

CAS# 1310-73-2: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

CAS#	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)		IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
2235-43-0	Phosphonic acid, [nitrilotris(methylene)]tri-, pentasodium	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	salt				

12. Ecological Information

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method: Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as

> a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous

waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

14. Transport Information

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide)

DOT Hazard Class: CORROSIVE

UN/NA Number: UN3266 **Packing Group:** Ш





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15. Regulatory Information

CAS#	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA or State Lists
1310-73-2	Sodium hydroxide {Caustic soda; Lye solution}	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: TAC, Title 8; MA Oil/HazMat: Yes; MI CMR, Part 5: Part 5; NC TAP: No; NJ EHS: Yes - 1706; NY Part 597: Yes; PA HSL: Yes - E; SC TAP: Yes; WI Air: Yes
2235-43-0	Phosphonic acid, [nitrilotris(methylene)]tri-, pentasodium salt	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NC TAP: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No; SC TAP: No; WI Air: No

16. Other Information

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Additional Information About

This Product:

Company Policy or

Disclaimer:

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