

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification

Product identifier Iron OUT (Powder)

Other means of identification Not available

Recommended use Rust & Stain Remover

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer information Iron Out dba Summit Brands

7201 Engle Road

Fort Wayne, IN 46804-5875 US

Phone: 260-483-2519

Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

Supplier See above.

2. Hazards Identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

WHMIS 2015 defined hazards Not classified

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Wear eye protection/face protection.

Response IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

%

15 - 40

Storage Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s)

not otherwise classified

(HHNOC)

Mixture

WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC)

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical name Common name and synonyms CAS number Sodium hydrosulfite 7775-14-6

 Sodium carbonate
 497-19-8
 10 - 30

 Sodium metabisulfite
 7681-57-4
 10 - 30

 Citric Acid
 77-92-9
 1 - 5

 Sodium sulfite
 7757-83-7
 1 - 5

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments US GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade

secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

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4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention. Flush with cool water. Wash with soap and water. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or is convulsing. Obtain medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

and precautions for firefighter Fire-fighting con contained broading apparatae and rail protessive slotting mast be worn in case of me.

equipment/instructions

so without risk.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

Hazardous combustion

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of carbon.

Hazardous combustion products

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use only non-sparking tools. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep cool. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material. When using do not eat or drink.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep only in the original container. Store away from other materials. Keep out of reach of children.

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8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limits

Sodium metabisulfite (CAS

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

 Components
 Type
 Value

 Sodium metabisulfite (CAS
 TWA
 5 mg/m3

TWA

7681-57-4)

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Value

5 mg/m3

Components Type

7681-57-4)

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

ComponentsTypeValueSodium metabisulfite (CASTWA5 mg/m37681-57-4)5 mg/m3

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

ComponentsTypeValueSodium metabisulfite (CASTWA5 mg/m37681-57-4)5 mg/m3

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

ComponentsTypeValueSodium metabisulfite (CASTWA5 mg/m37681-57-4)5 mg/m3

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

ComponentsTypeValueSodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4)TWA 5 mg/m3

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

ComponentsTypeValueSodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4)TWA 5 mg/m3

Biological limit values

Appropriate engineering controls

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation.

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputable supplier first.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing. As required by employer code.

Respiratory protection Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator.

Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134),

CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. When using do not eat or drink.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

AppearancePowder.Physical stateSolid.

Form Powder. Free flowing solid

Color White Odor Mint

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Odor threshold Not available. 5.5 - 6.5рH Melting point/freezing point Not available. Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not available. Pour point Specific gravity Not available. **Partition coefficient** Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

None Flash point

Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

Not available. Vapor pressure Not available. Vapor density Relative density 1.2 - 1.3 g/ml Solubility(ies) Not available. Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

This product may react with strong oxidizing agents.

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid Do not mix with other chemicals.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Combustible material.

Hazardous decomposition

products

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of carbon.

11. Toxicological Information

Routes of exposure Eye, Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.

Inhalation Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Dust or powder may irritate the skin.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Test Results
Citric Acid (CAS 77-92-9)		
Acute		
Dermal	Det	> 2000 mg/kg 24 Hours FOHA
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation LC50	Not available	
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Mouse	5400 mg/kg, ECHA
LD30	Wouse	
	D. I	5040 mg/kg, HSDB
	Rat	11700 mg/kg, ECHA
		6730 mg/kg, HSDB
odium carbonate (CAS 497-19	9-8)	
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, ECHA
2500	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, ECHA
Inholotica	rat	- 2000 Hig/kg, LOHA
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Guinea pig	800 mg/m3, 2 Hours, ECHA
2000	Mouse	1200 mg/m3, 2 Hours, ECHA
	Rat	2300 mg/m3, 2 Hours, ECHA
	Nat	
01		2.3 mg/L, 2 Hours, HSDB
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	4090 mg/kg, RTECS
2500	rec	2800 mg/kg, ECHA, HSDB
Padiuma hudraauliita (CAC 7775	44.6	2000 Hig/kg, LOHA, HODD
Sodium hydrosulfite (CAS 7775 Acute	-14-6)	
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 22 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
		> 5.5 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2500 mg/kg, ECHA
Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 768	1-57-4)	
Acute		
Dermal	Outro a min	1000 mm/lm 000T
LD50	Guinea pig	> 1000 mg/kg, CSST
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA
<i>Inhalation</i> LC50	Rat	> 22 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
LC30	Rat	•
		> 5.5 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Rat	3200 mg/kg, ECHA
2500		1630 mg/kg, ECHA
		1540 mg/kg, ECHA
		1420 mg/kg, ECHA
		1131 mg/kg, BASF AG Ludwigshafen [iuclid 2000]
	Sheep	2515 mg/kg, HSDB
		2.5 g/kg, HSDB

Components Species Test Results

Sodium sulfite (CAS 7757-83-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 22 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA

> 5.5 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA

Oral

LD50 Rat 2150 - 2610 mg/kg, ECHA

2746 mg/kg, ECHA

2610 mg/kg, ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Exposure minutes Not available.

Erythema value Not available.

Oedema value Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Corneal opacity value Not available.

Iris lesion value Not available.

Conjunctival reddening Not available.

value

Conjunctival oedema value Not available.

Recover days Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4) Irritant

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity See below.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4) Volume 54 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Sodium sulfite (CAS 7757-83-7) Volume 54 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Teratogenicity Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity - Not classified.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - Not classified.

repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity See below

Ecotoxicological data

Components Species Test Results

Citric Acid (CAS 77-92-9)

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Daphnia magna 120 mg/L, 72 hr

Components		Species	Test Results	
Aquatic				
Acute				
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	1516 mg/L, 96 hr	
Sodium carbonate (CAS 497-19-	8)			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	265 mg/L, 48 Hours	
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	156.6 - 298.9 mg/L, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	300 mg/L, 96 hours	
Sodium hydrosulfite (CAS 7775-	14-6)			
Algae	IC50	Algae	120 mg/L, 72 Hours	
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	98 mg/L, 48 Hours	
Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681	-57-4)			
Algae	IC50	Algae	48 mg/L, 72 Hours	
Sodium sulfite (CAS 7757-83-7)				
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affi	nis) 660 mg/L, 96 hours	
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.			
Bioaccumulative potential				
Mobility in soil	No data available.			
Mobility in general	Not available.			
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.			
		13. Disposal Considerations		
Disposal instructions	Consult authorities before disposal. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.			
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.			

Waste from residues / unused

products

disposal company.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Hazardous waste code

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

14. Transport Information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification

General

In accordance with Part 2.2.1 (SOR/2014-152) of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, we certify that the classification of this product is correct as of the SDS date of issue.

TDG: Marine Pollutants Exemption. 1.45.1.: Part 3, Documentation, and Part 4, Dangerous Goods Safety Marks, do not apply to substances that are classified as marine pollutants in accordance with section 2.43 of Part 2, Classification, if they are in transport solely on land by road vehicle or railway vehicle. However, substances may be identified as marine pollutants on a shipping document and the required dangerous goods safety marks may be displayed when they are in transport by road or railway vehicle. (SOR/2008-34, s. 23)

DOT: CFR 171.4: The requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants does not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicle, rail car or aircraft, except when all or part of the transportation is by vessel.

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

15. Regulatory Information

Canadian federal regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

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Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

WHMIS 2015 Exemptions Not applicable

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Nο

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely

hazardous substance

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Clean Water Act (CWA)

Hazardous substance

Section 112(r) (40 CFR

68.130)

US state regulations See below

US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4) Listed.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance

1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6) Listed. Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4) Listed.

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6) Sodium hydrosulfite (CAS 7775-14-6) Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4)

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance

1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6)Listed.Citric Acid (CAS 77-92-9)Listed.Sodium carbonate (CAS 497-19-8)Listed.Sodium hydrosulfite (CAS 7775-14-6)Listed.Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4)Listed.Sodium sulfite (CAS 7757-83-7)Listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Sodium hydrosulfite (CAS 7775-14-6) Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not regulated.

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6) Sodium hydrosulfite (CAS 7775-14-6) Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2-Propanediol (CAS 57-55-6) Sodium hydrosulfite (CAS 7775-14-6) Sodium metabisulfite (CAS 7681-57-4)

US. California Proposition 65

Not Listed.

Inventory status

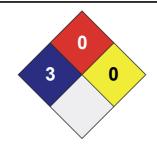
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other Information

LEGEND	
Severe	4
Serious	3
Moderate	2
Slight	1
Minimal	0





Disclaimer

Issue date

The data contained in this material safety data sheet was obtained from sources that were technically accurate, reliable, and state of the art when this document was prepared. If data was unavailable to complete certain sections, the absence of that data is identified in this document. Because the supplier cannot know the exact circumstances during actual use of this product, other hazards, exposure scenarios, disposal considerations, and regulations may apply and it is the responsibility of the user to read and understand the product label and this document before use. Do not use the product for purposes other than those stated in Section 1.

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Prepared by Dell Tech Laboratories, Ltd. Phone: (519) 858-5021

Other information For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the

document.

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